Verse 1

-	additional designations regarding his identity. What are they?
	o He says he is a of God.
	o He says he is an of Jesus Christ.
-	Who benefits from Paul's servanthood and apostleship? o God's
-	In what way do they benefit? O Their is strengthened. O The knowledge of increases, which has a direct bearing on Pay close attention to "godliness" as this will reoccur often throughout the letter.
V	erse 2
-	In this verse we are told that we have of eternal life. o The word hope is not to be understood as an "intense desire," but rather a " expectation."
-	We are also told in verse 2 that God does not O A very similar verse with similar themes is found in Hebrews
-	According to verse two, our salvation has been secured for how long? Since
	o A similar thing is said in Ephesians 1:3–4.
Ve	erse 3
-	What was "manifested" at the proper time?
	How was this "manifested?" in the o In John 1:1 and 1:14 we are told that is the Word. o Thus, to talk about the Word is to talk about
-	How is this "word" delivered? (Verse 3) Through o Read Rom. 10:13–17. What is the role of "preaching" and faith?
-	With what has Paul been "entrusted"? o In 1 Timothy 6:20, what does Paul tell Timothy to do with that with which he has been entrusted?

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-	By what authority does St. Paul preach? By the command of
-	God is described as being our o It is worth noting that the title "Savior" appears times in this epistle.
Verse 4	
-	This letter is written to
-	He is described as being Paul's
-	In what way is He Paul's "child?" By their shared
-	Who else was described as being a "child" to St. Paul? (Hint* Read Philemon 1:10)
Miscellaneous	
-	Titus's name appears in the Bible times.
-	According to Galatians 2:3, unlike Timothy, Titus is not
-	Though Titus is called by St. Paul his own "child" in verse 4, in 2 Cor. 2:13 he is called a, and in 2 Cor. 8:23 he is called a, and fellow
-	This letter was likely written in A.D. 63.